

## Vocabulary

## 1 Write the animal words.

1



t \_\_\_\_\_

2



b \_\_\_\_\_

3



b \_\_\_\_\_ y

4



e \_\_\_\_\_

## 2 Circle the correct answers.

Bats are very interesting animals. They've got <sup>1</sup> *wings / plants* and they can fly like birds. In fact, they are the only <sup>2</sup> *mammals / insects* that can fly.

Bats are nocturnal – they sleep in the day and move around at night. Many bats like eating <sup>3</sup> *insects / snakes*, such as beetles or <sup>4</sup> *butterflies / mice*. Some bats also eat seeds, flowers and <sup>5</sup> *plants / eagles*.

What eats bats? <sup>6</sup> *Snakes / Butterflies*, large spiders, <sup>7</sup> *beetles / eagles* and even some fish sometimes eat them!

3 Listen to the talk and complete the text.  TR: 17

The man is talking about a <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. It's about three and a half metres long and it's white and yellow.

It eats small <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ like <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_.

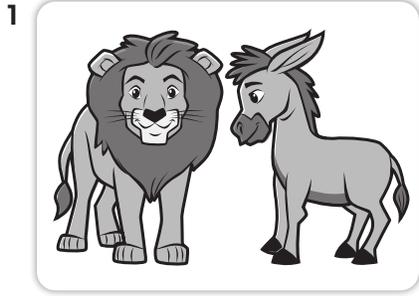
It also eats birds. It doesn't eat <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ or

<sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_.



A bat

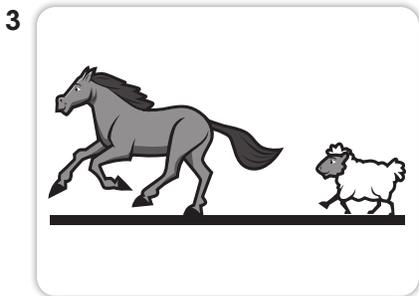
**1** Look at the pictures. Choose the correct answer.



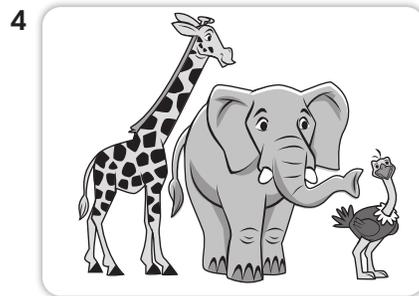
Donkeys are as tall as / are taller than lions.



Kangaroos aren't as heavy / are as heavy as zebras.



Horses are as fast as / are faster than sheep.



Giraffes are the tallest / taller land animal.

**2** Listen and complete the table. Then use the adjectives to write sentences about the tortoises Huan and Mei.  TR: 18

	cost	age	length	speed
Huan	£ _____	_____	_____	<i>very slow</i>
Mei	£ _____	_____	_____	<i>very slow</i>

- 1 expensive Huan was as expensive as Mei .
- 2 old \_\_\_\_\_ .
- 3 long \_\_\_\_\_ .
- 4 slow \_\_\_\_\_ .

**3** Write four sentences about two friends. Use *(not) as ... as* and the adjectives from the box.

fast   old   quiet   tall

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**1** Read the text. Complete the summary.

Polar bears live in the \_\_\_\_\_. They've got thick \_\_\_\_\_ and very big \_\_\_\_\_. They eat \_\_\_\_\_.

**A perfect home for polar bears**

Here in the Arctic, it is January – winter time – and the temperature is -30°Celsius. It isn't easy living here, but the polar bear is adapted to this extreme place. Its fur looks white, but it's actually **transparent** – you can see through it. Under the fur, the polar bear has got black **skin**. The bear's thick fur keeps it warm in the cold weather and because it looks white, it helps to hide the bear in the snow. The polar bear has got very big **paws** with thick fur on them. These big paws make it easier for the bear to walk on the ice and snow. They also help the bear to swim.

Polar bears eat **seals** and they can travel thousands of kilometres to look for their food. They've got a very good sense of smell – it's strong enough to smell a seal from 1.6 kilometres away. When it smells a seal under the ice, the bear will stand by the ice for hours – sometimes days – waiting for the seal to come up.

For most animals, the Arctic is a difficult place to live. But it's the perfect home for the polar bear.



**A polar bear**



**A seal**

**New words**

- transparent
- skin
- paws
- seals

**2** Read again. Circle the correct answer.

- 1 What colour is the polar bear's fur?  
**A** white      **B** black      **C** transparent
- 2 How does the polar bear's thick fur help it in the Arctic?  
**A** It keeps the bear warm and hides it in the snow.  
**B** It keeps the bear cold and helps it to swim.  
**C** It helps the bear to walk on the ice and snow.
- 3 How do the polar bear's big paws help it in the Arctic?  
**A** They help the bear to find seals.      **B** They help the bear to walk and swim.  
**C** They help the bear to hide in the snow.

**3** Match the words from the box with the definitions. There are three words you don't need.

adapted    fur    furry    paw    seal    skin    thick    transparent    view

- |  |       |  |       |
|--|-------|--|-------|
| 1 an animal's foot                               | _____ | 5 This is an animal that lives in the Arctic.  | _____ |
| 2 When something is ..., you can see through it. | _____ | 6 has got special skills or special parts of the body which allow it to live in a particular place | _____ |
| 3 hair on an animal's body                       | _____ |  |       |
| 4 This is black on polar bears.                  | _____ |  |       |

**1 Complete the sentences with *too* or *enough*.**

- 1 The mouse is fast \_\_\_\_\_ to run away from the cat.
- 2 It's \_\_\_\_\_ cold in here. Please can you close the window?
- 3 I can't buy this bag. I haven't got \_\_\_\_\_ money.
- 4 He isn't brave \_\_\_\_\_. He's \_\_\_\_\_ scared to pick up the spider.

**2 Complete the conversation with *too* or *enough* and the words in brackets.**

**Katya:** Did you watch the TV show about polar bears last night?

**Ivan:** No, I didn't. I was <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (tired). I went to bed early and slept for twelve hours!

**Katya:** That's a long time!

**Ivan:** It wasn't <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (long). I still feel tired today!

**Katya:** I don't think you eat <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (fruit) and vegetables. What did you eat for breakfast this morning?

**Ivan:** Well, I usually eat toast, but we didn't have <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (bread) in the house, so I ate two biscuits.

**Katya:** I'm not surprised you feel tired all the time. Your diet isn't <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (healthy).

**3 Complete the sentences with *too* and *not enough* and the adjectives in brackets.**

- 1 A polar bear can't live in the Sahara desert. (hot / cold)  
The Sahara desert is           *too hot. It isn't cold enough.*
- 2 A tortoise can't run as fast as a rabbit. (slow / fast)  
A tortoise is \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 A child can't cross a road without an adult. (dangerous / safe)  
A road is \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 A baby bird can't fly. (young / old)  
A baby bird is \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 A lion can't live in the Arctic. (cold / warm)  
The Arctic is \_\_\_\_\_

**4 Write sentences with *too* and (*not*) *enough*. Use the words from the box and your own ideas.**

do my maths homework    drive a car    run as fast as a horse    stay at home alone  
easy    difficult    fast    slow    old    young

*I can't do my maths homework. It's too difficult.*

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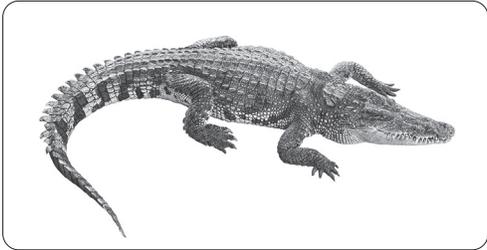
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# Writing A factfile

**1** Complete the information about crocodiles. Use the measurements from the box.

25 kilogrammes    750 kilogrammes    17 kilometres per hour  
29 kilometres per hour    1.6 metres    5 metres

## The saltwater crocodile



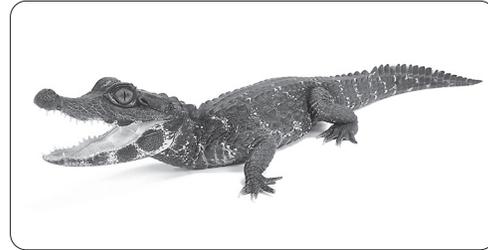
The biggest crocodile in the world

Speed <sup>1</sup> 29 kilometres per hour

Weight <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_

Length <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_

## The dwarf crocodile



The smallest crocodile in the world

Speed <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_

Weight <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_

Length <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_

**2** Match the facts (1-6) with the correct headings (A-F).

- 1 Kangaroos can travel at more than 56 kilometres per hour.
- 2 Kangaroos usually live for about twenty years.
- 3 Kangaroos are herbivores. They eat grass, flowers and leaves.
- 4 Kangaroos have very got big, strong back legs. They don't run; they jump up in the air!
- 5 Adult kangaroos can grow to 2 metres tall. They weigh about 90 kilogrammes.
- 6 Kangaroos live in the deserts and grasslands of Australia.

## Kangaroos factfile

- |                 |                           |
|-----------------|---------------------------|
| A Habitat _____ | D Speed _____             |
| B Diet _____    | E Lifespan _____          |
| C Size _____    | F Interesting facts _____ |



**A kangaroo**

**3** Find out about koalas and make a factfile.  
Write at least one sentence for each category.

## Koalas factfile

- Habitat \_\_\_\_\_
- Diet \_\_\_\_\_
- Size \_\_\_\_\_
- Speed \_\_\_\_\_
- Lifespan \_\_\_\_\_
- Interesting facts \_\_\_\_\_



**A koala**

**1 Do the Big Nature Quiz. Circle the correct answer.**

- 1 You can find elephants in ...
  - A Africa.
  - B Asia.
  - C Africa and Asia.
- 2 Whales are ...
  - A fish.
  - B mammals.
  - C insects.
- 3 Snakes in the Sahara desert sleep in the day because of ...
  - A the heat.
  - B the cold.
  - C the light.
- 4 Cows eat ...
  - A birds and small mammals.
  - B fish and insects.
  - C plants and grass.
- 5 Which animals *don't* live in the Arctic?
  - A polar bears
  - B seals
  - C penguins
- 6 Which animal is at the top of its food chain?
  - A lion
  - B mouse
  - C bat
- 7 Which is heavier – a tiger or a giraffe?
  - A a tiger
  - B a giraffe
  - C tigers are as heavy as giraffes
- 8 All insects have got ...
  - A eight legs.
  - B six legs.
  - C eight or six legs.



**A humpback whale**

**2 Write two more questions and answer options for the Big Nature Quiz. Use the information from Unit 5 of the Workbook and the Student's Book.**

1 \_\_\_\_\_  
 A \_\_\_\_\_ B \_\_\_\_\_ C \_\_\_\_\_

2 \_\_\_\_\_  
 A \_\_\_\_\_ B \_\_\_\_\_ C \_\_\_\_\_

**3 Think of a time you saw something unusual in nature. What did you see? What did you learn from it?**

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_